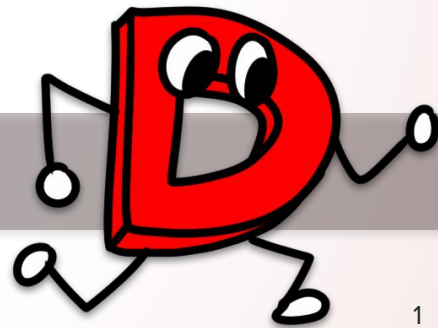




The Jack of all trades

Dennis Korpel - DConf 2022



Automatic memory management makes for safe, simple, and robust code. D also supports scoped resource management (aka the [RAII](#) idiom) and [scope statements](#) for deterministic transactional code that is easy to write and read. [Show example](#) ▼

Built-in linear and associative arrays, slices, and ranges make daily programming simple and pleasant for tasks, both small and large. [Show example](#) ▼

🔧 Read Fast

The best paradigm is to not impose something at the expense of others. D offers classic polymorphism, value semantics, functional style, generics, generative programming, contract programming, and more—all harmoniously integrated. [Show example](#) ▼

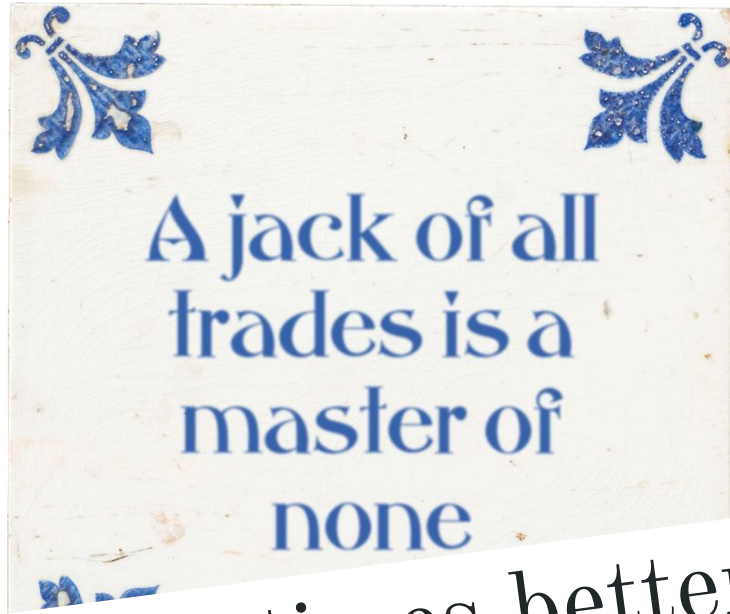
D offers an innovative approach to concurrency, featuring true immutable data, message passing, no sharing by default, and controlled mutable sharing across threads. [Read more](#).

From simple scripts to large projects, D has the breadth to scale with any application's needs: unit testing, information hiding, refined modularity, fast compilation, precise interfaces. [Read more](#).

⚡ Run Fast

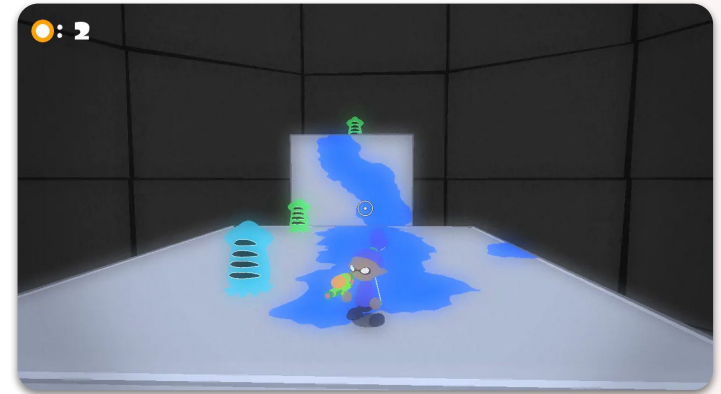
D compiles naturally to efficient native code.

D is designed such that most "obvious" code is fast *and* safe. On occasion a function might need to escape the confines of type safety for ultimate speed and control. For such rare cases D offers native pointers, type casts, access to any C function without any intervening translation, manual memory management, custom allocators and even inline assembly code. [Show example](#) ▼



but oftentimes better than
a master of one

My Language usage



GAME MAKER

2008

2015

2022



Game Maker Language (GML)

- All code does something
- Compiles to single .exe

```
GML  
if (keyboard_pressed(vk_up) and on_ground)  
{  
    vspeed = -10  
    sound_play(snd_jump)  
    sprite_index = spr_player_jump  
}
```

My Language usage

- BSc. Computer Science at
Delft University of Technology

Java
C / C++
x86 / MIPS asm
Python
Typescript
Prolog
Coq
Scala
MiniZinc
Julia
LUA
C#

GAME MAKER



2008

2015

2018

2022

Java

- All code does something... No

Java

```
public class StubFactoryFactoryProxyImpl extends StubFactoryFactoryDynamicBase
{
    public PresentationManager.StubFactory makeDynamicStubFactory(
        PresentationManager pm, PresentationManager.ClassData classData,
        ClassLoader classLoader )
    {
        return new StubFactoryProxyImpl( classData, classLoader ) ;
    }
}
```

Java

- All code does something... No
- Compiles to `.jar`, requires setup



C++

- "C++ is my favorite language once I learn it"
- Segfaults instead of Exception traces
- Still had to ship `glfw3.dll`
- Discovered D on benchmark site
- "They made a sequel to C/C++?"

Language	Relative runtime
C	1.0
C++	1.0
D	1.1
Java	1.8

D

- Good rationale
- Automatic boilerplate
- Compiles to .exe

Rationale

Questions about the reasons for various design decisions for D often come up. This addresses many of them.

C to D

Coming from C? Here are various examples comparing *the D way* to *the C way*.

C Preprocessor vs D

D doesn't have a preprocessor. This article shows how to do in D what would be a task for the preprocessor in C.

Builtin Rationale

D offers several capabilities built in to the core language that are implemented as libraries in other languages. This article answers why.

C++ to D

Coming from C++? Here are various examples comparing *the D way* to *the C++ way*.

Code coverage analysis

D compilers come with a builtin code coverage analyzer. This article explains why and how to use it.

D

- Good rationale
- Automatic boilerplate
- Compiles to .exe

Embed a dynamic library in an executable [Link](#)

Let's say we want to distribute a standalone executable that doesn't need any installation.
Here we'll see how to embed SDL.dll into an executable.

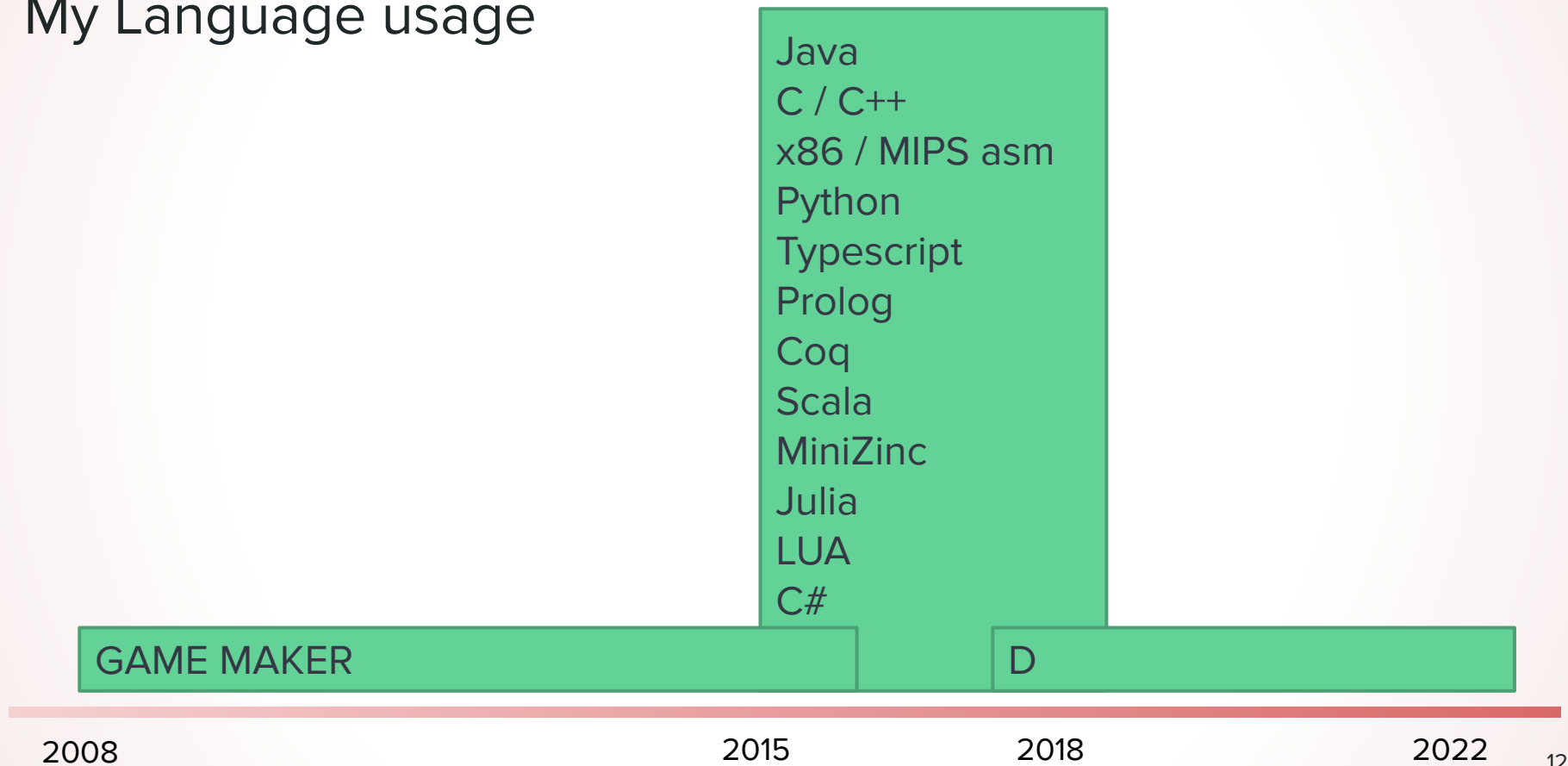
```
import std.uuid;  
import std.file;
```

```
ubyte[] sdlBytes = cast(ubyte[]) import("SDL2.dll");
```

```
void main(string[] args)  
{  
    string uuid = randomUUID().toString();  
    string filename = format("SDL2-%s.dll", uuid); // Making an unique file name.  
    string depacked = buildPath(tempDir(), filename);  
  
    std.file.write(depacked, sdlBytes); // Writing the library to a temporary file.  
  
    DerelictSDL2.load(depacked); // Use the depacked library and load its symbols.  
}
```

A similar trick can be used for embedding fonts, images, etc. without having to deal with a resource compiler.

My Language usage



Using D for *everything*

- Lots of hobby projects in D
- Why not use specialized languages?
- Complexity in big language

OpenGL app **MIPS assembler**
Scripts **ELF linker** **Computer algebra system**
Software synthesizer **C to D translator**
Ultimate tic-tac-toe game
Codingame challenges **Chess game**

Complexity in the spec

3.16 Conditional Compilation

```
ConditionalDeclaration:
  Condition DeclarationBlock
  Condition DeclarationBlock else DeclarationBlock
  Condition : DeclDefsopt
  Condition DeclarationBlock else : DeclDefsopt
```

```
ConditionalStatement:
  Condition NoScopeNonEmptyStatement
  Condition NoScopeNonEmptyStatement else NoScopeNonEmptyStatement
```

Condition:

- VersionCondition
- DebugCondition
- StaticIfCondition

VersionCondition:

```
version ( IntegerLiteral )
version ( Identifier )
version ( unittest )
version ( assert )
```

VersionSpecification:

```
version = Identifier ;
version = IntegerLiteral ;
```

DebugCondition:

```
debug
debug ( IntegerLiteral )
debug ( Identifier )
```

DebugSpecification:

```
debug = Identifier ;
debug = IntegerLiteral ;
```

StaticIfCondition:

```
static if ( AssignExpression )
```

StaticForeach:

```
static AggregateForeach  
static RangeForeach
```

StaticForeachDeclaration:

```
StaticForeach DeclarationBlock
StaticForeach : DeclDefsopt
```

StaticForeachStatement:

StaticForeach NoScopeNonEmptyStatement

StaticAssert:

```
static assert ( AssertArguments ) ;
```

9 – The Complete Syntax of Lua

Here is the complete syntax of Lua in extended BNF. As usual in extended BNF, $\{A\}$ means 0 or more A s, and $[A]$ means an optional A . (For operator precedences, see §3.4.8; for a description of the terminals `Name`, `Numeral`, and `LiteralString`, see §3.1.)

```

chunk ::= block

stat ::= [ (stat) [retstat]

stat ::= '{'
      | varlist 'm' explist |
      | functioncall |
      | label |
      | break |
      | goto Name |
      | do block and |
      | while exp do block and |
      | repeat block until exp |
      | if exp then block [elseif exp then block] [else block] and |
      | for Name 'm' exp '}', exp ['}', exp] do block and |
      | for name list in explist do block and |
      | function funcname funcbody |
      | local function Name funcbody |
      | local name list ['m' explist]

retstat ::= return [explist] [';']

label ::= '::' Name '::'

funcname ::= Name ['(' Name)'] [';' Name]

varlist ::= var [';' var]

var ::= Name | prefixexp ['[' exp ']' | prefixexp ']' Name

name list ::= Name [';' Name]

explist ::= exp [';' exp]

exp ::= nil | false | true | Number | LiteralString | '.' | functiondef |
      | prefixexp functionctor | exp binop exp | unop exp

prefixexp ::= var | functioncall | ['(' exp ')']

functioncall ::= prefixexp args | prefixexp ']' Name args

args ::= ['(' [explist] ')' | tableconstructor | LiteralString

functiondef ::= function funcbody

funcbody ::= '(' [parlist] ')' block and

parlist ::= name list [';' '...'] | '...'

tableconstructor ::= '{' [field list] '}'

field list ::= field [fieldsep field] [fieldsep]

field ::= '[' exp ']' 'm' exp | Name 'm' exp | exp

fieldsep ::= ',' | ';'

binop ::= '+' | '-' | '*' | '/' | '%' | '^' |
      | 'g' | 'l' | '>' | '<' | '<=' | '>=' |
      | '<' | '<=' | '>' | '>=' | 'm' | 'm=' |
      | and | or

unop ::= '-' | not | '#' | '~'

```

Complexity for the user

- Aggregate two integers?

C: struct Java: class Lua: table

D:

```
struct Pair { int x; int y; }  
class Pair { int x; int y; }  
alias Pair = Tuple!(int, int);  
alias Pair = int[2];
```

D

Complexity in design

- String interpolation
- Feature in C#, JavaScript, Python...
- Just add it to D?

```
void main()
{
    string name = "Dennis";
    writeln("hello ", name, "!");
    writeln(i"hello $name!");
}
```

What language features do you miss?

285 out of 540 people answered this question

1	tuples	143 / 50%
2	named arguments	131 / 46%
3	string interpolation	87 / 31%
4	in-place struct initialization	81 / 28%
5	multiple alias this	80 / 28%
...	Show more (10)	376 / 132%

Complexity in design

String Interpolation

Field	
DIP:	1027
Review Count:	2
Author:	Walter Bright
Implementation:	
Status:	Rejected

String Interpolation Tuple Literals

Field	Value
DIP:	1036
Review Count:	2
Author:	Adam D. Ruppe Steven Schveighoffer
Implementation:	
Status:	Withdrawn

String Interpolation

Field	Value
DIP:	xxxx
Review Count:	0
Author:	Andrei Alexandrescu John Colvin john.loughran.colvin@gmail.com
Implementation:	
Status:	

String interpolation design challenges

- `writeln!i"$x"`
- `@nobjc`
- `mixin(i"void $f() {}");`
- `printf(i"$x");`
- simple, easy to use

Better to mix languages?

High-level



Low-level



Scripting

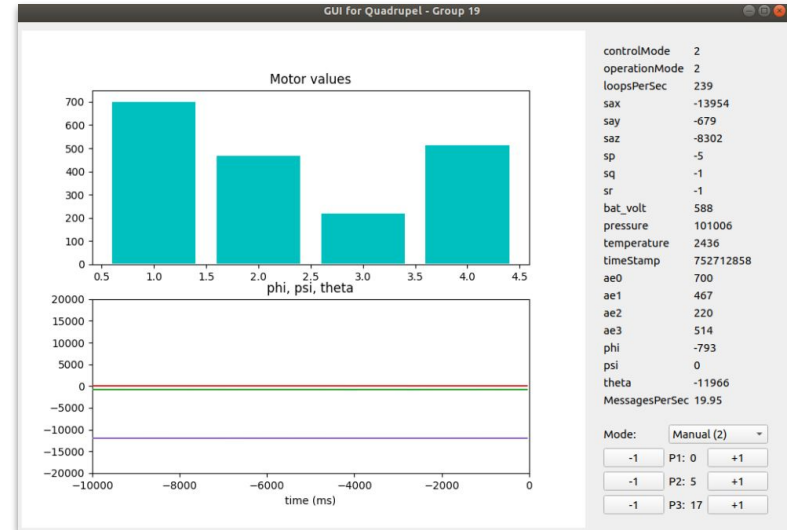
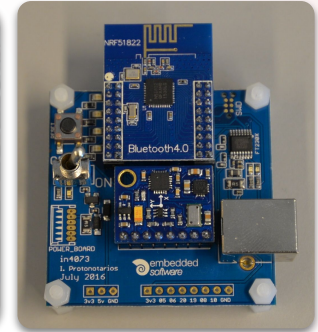


Application



High level Python

- Embedded code written in C
- GUI in Python



High level Python

- Embedded code written in C
- GUI in Python
- JSON sent over a socket
- Hard to maintain

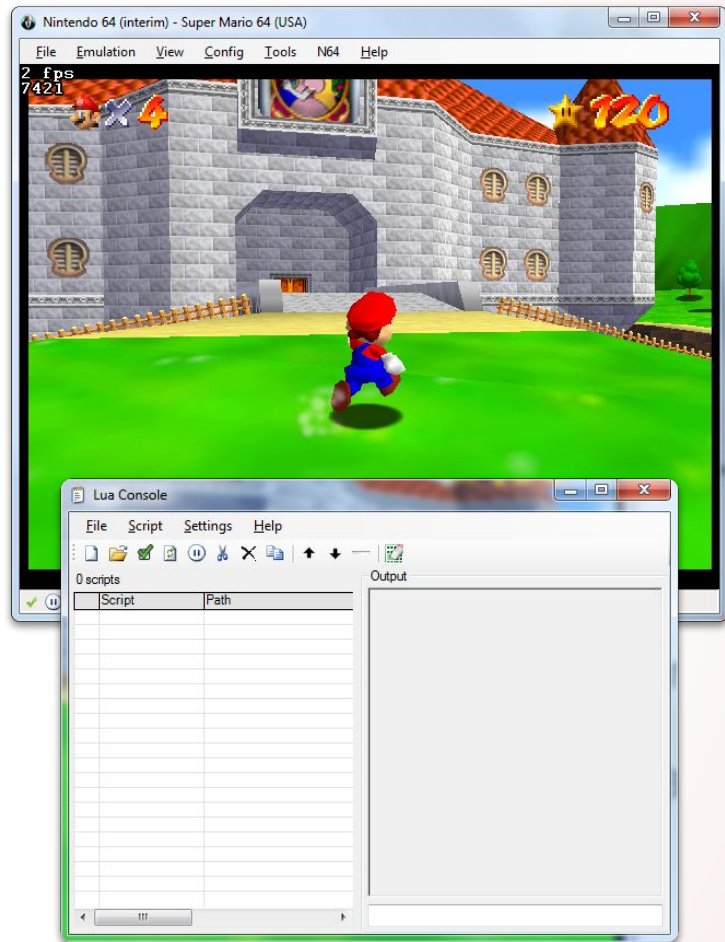
```
int setupMessage(char *buffer, FcbMsg *msg) { //RealTimeInfo data, HiFreqRealTimeInfo hiFreq) {
    int len = 0;
    if (msg->type == FCBSMSG_HIFREQ_REALTIME_DATA) {
        HiFreqRealTimeInfo hiFreq = *msg->asHiFreqRealTimeInfo;
        len = snprintf(buffer, 512,
            "{
                \"timeStamp\" : %u, "
```

```
len = snprintf(buffer, 512,
    "{
    \"timeStamp\" : %u, "
```

```
        hiFreq->motion.saa,
        hiFreq->motion.say,
        hiFreq->motion.sas,
        hiFreq->motion.sp,
        hiFreq->motion.sq,
        hiFreq->motion.sr,
        hiFreq->aeq,
        hiFreq->aeq,
        hiFreq->aeq,
        hiFreq->aeq
    );
} else if (msg->type == FCBSMSG_REALTIME_DATA) {
    RealTimeInfo data = *msg->asRealTimeInfo;
    len = snprintf(buffer, 512,
        "{
            \"controlMode\" : %d, "
            \"operationMode\" : %d, "
            \"loopsPerSec\" : %d, "
            \"bat_volt\" : %u, "
            \"pressure\" : %u, "
            \"temperature\" : %u, "
            \"p1\" : %d, "
            \"p2\" : %d, "
            \"p3\" : %d "
        },
        data->controlMode,
        data->operationMode,
        data->loopsPerSec,
        data->sensor.bat_volt,
        data->sensor.pressure,
        data->sensor.temperature,
        data->tuning.controllerP,
        data->tuning.controllerI,
        data->tuning.controllerD
    );
} else {
    assert(0);
}
return len;
}
```

LUA scripting

- Super Mario 64 (1996)
- "How did they code it?"
- Emulator with Lua scripting



Increasing complexity

- From small script to 5000 LOC

Suddenly!

- Runtime `nil` errors



Type systems

- "Static typing" in Lua

```
Lua
local function checkTypes ()
  for typeName, typeObj in pairs ( typeTable) do
    assert (type(typeObj._name) == "string", "Type " .. typeName .. " is not a string but a " .. type(typeObj._name))
    if (typeObj.prim == false and typeObj._dict ~= nil) then
      for k, v in pairs (typeObj._dict) do
        local tt = typeTable[v.dataType]
        assert(tt ~= nil, "In struct type '" .. typeName .. "' key [" .. k .. "] has unknown type " .. v.dataType)
        assert( (v.dataType ~= "pointer" and v.dataType ~= "array") or (v.parameter ~= nil) ,
          "In dictionary of " .. typeName .. " in " .. v.dataType .. " entry " .. k .. " has no parameter." )
      end
    end
  end

  local t0 = type(typeObj.readFunc)
  assert(t0 == "function" or t0 == "userdata", "Read function of " .. typeObj._name .. " is of type " .. t0)
  t0 = type(typeObj.writeFunc)
  assert(t0 == "function" or t0 == "userdata", "Write function of " .. typeObj._name .. " is of type " .. t0)
end
end
```


Type systems

- "Static typing" in Lua
- "Dynamic typing" in D

```
T max(T) (T x, T y)
{
    return x > y ? x : y;
}

const x = max(10, 20);
```

D

Seamless data

- One slice / dynamic array type

```
void lowLevel()
{
    import core.stdc.stdio : snprintf;
    char[8] buf;
    const n = snprintf(buf.ptr, buf.length, "%d", 99);
    highLevel(buf[0 .. n]);
}

void highLevel(char[] a)
{
    import std.stdio : writeln;
    a ~= " bottles";
    writeln(a);
}
```

Seamless data

- One slice / dynamic array type
- Good D-to-D FFI

I think the disadvantages of D being like this are obvious. An advantage of it being like this, is that if you one day decide that you'd prefer a D application have C++-style performance, you don't have to laboriously rewrite the application into a completely different language. The D-to-D FFI, as it were, is really good, so you can make transitions like that as needed, even to just the parts of the application that need them.

 [Permalink](#)

 [Reply](#)

D code

in a Nintendo 64 emulator

Assembly hacking

- Collision viewer
- Lua API too limited / slow
- Inject MIPS assembly
- Bugs



MIPS Assembly

```
LUI AT, 0x8039
LW T0, 0xEE9C (AT)
SLL T1, S0, 2    // 48*S0 = (4*S0-S0)*16
SUB T1, T1, S0
SLL T1, T1, 4
ADDU S5, T0, T1  // S5 = tri ptr = *38EE9C + 48*i
```

Assembly hacking

- Write my own language?
- LDC has `-march=mips -mcpu=mips3`
- And `-output-s` flag
- How to resolve labels?

MIPS Assembly

```
$CPI2 1:
    .4byte    0x45266000
    .section   .text.hmain,"ax",@progbits
    .globl    hmain
    .p2align   3
    .type     hmain,@function
    .set      nomicromips
    .set      nomips16
    .ent      hmain
hmain:
    .cfi startproc
    .frame     $sp, 32, $ra
    .mask      0x80030000,-4
    .fmask     0x00000000,0
    .set       noreorder
    .set       nomacro
    .set       noat
    lui $2, %hi( gp_disp)
    addiu $2, $2, %lo( gp_disp)
    addiu $sp, $sp, - 32
    .cfi def cfa offset 32
    sw $ra, 28($sp)
    sw $17, 24($sp)
    sw $16, 20($sp)
    .cfi offset 31, -4
    .cfi offset 17, -8
    .cfi offset 16, -12
    addu $16, $2, $25
    lw $2, %got(isInitialized)($16)
    lbu $1, 0($2)
    bnez $1, $BB2_2
    nop
    addiu $1, $zero, 1
    sb $1, 0($2)
```

Linkers

- Relocation table
- Don't need assembler
- ELF binary format

"A linker is a very stupid, pedestrian, straightforward program. (...) The tedium in writing a linker is usually all about decoding and generating the usually ridiculously overcomplicated file formats" - Walter Bright

SHT_MIPS_ABIFLAGS

SHT_MIPS_REGINFO



Linkers

- Relocation table
- Don't need assembler
- ELF binary format

```
R_MIPS_16
R_MIPS_NONE
R_MIPS_REL32
R_MIPS_32
R_MIPS_HI16
R_MIPS_26
R_MIPS_GPREL16
R_MIPS_LO16
R_MIPS_GOT16
R_MIPS_LITERAL
R_MIPS_CALL16
R_MIPS_PC16
R_MIPS_UNUSED1
R_MIPS_GPREL32
R_MIPS_UNUSED3
R_MIPS_UNUSED2
R_MIPS_SHIFT6
R_MIPS_SHIFT5
R_MIPS_GOT_DISP
R_MIPS_64
R_MIPS_GOT_OFST
R_MIPS_GOT_PAGE
R_MIPS_GOT_LO16
R_MIPS_GOT_HI16
R_MIPS_INSERT_A
R_MIPS_SUB
R_MIPS_DELETE
R_MIPS_INSERT_B
R_MIPS_HIGHEST
R_MIPS_HIGHER
R_MIPS_CALL_LO16
R_MIPS_CALL_HI16
R_MIPS_SCN_DISP
R_MIPS_REL16
R_MIPS_ADD_IMMEDIATE
R_MIPS_PJUMP
R_MIPS_RELGOT
R_MIPS_JALR
R_MIPS_TLS_DTPMOD32
R_MIPS_TLS_DTPREL32
R_MIPS_TLS_DTPMOD64
R_MIPS_TLS_DTPREL64
R_MIPS_TLS
R_MIPS_TLS
R_MIPS_TLS
R_MIPS_TLS
R_MIPS_TLS
R_MIPS_TLS
R_MIPS_TLS
R_MIPS_GLO
R_MIPS_PC2
R_MIPS_PC1
R_MIPS_PC19_S2
R_MIPS_PCHI16
R_MIPS_PCL016
R_MIPS16_26
R_MIPS16_GPREL
R_MIPS16_GOT16
R_MIPS16_CALL16
R_MIPS16_HI16
R_MIPS16_LO16
R_MIPS16_TLS_GD
R_MIPS16_TLS_LDM
R_MIPS16_TLS_DTPREL_HI16
R_MIPS16_TLS_DTPREL_LO16
R_MIPS16_TLS_GOTTPREL
R_MIPS16_TLS_TPREL_HI16
R_MIPS16_TLS_TPREL_LO16
R_MIPS_COPY
R_MIPS_JUMP_SLOT
R_MICROMIPS_26_S1
R_MICROMIPS_TLS_GD
R_MICROMIPS_TLS_LDM
R_MICROMIPS_TLS_DTPREL_HI16
R_MICROMIPS_TLS_DTPREL_LO16
R_MICROMIPS_TLS_GOTTPREL
R_MICROMIPS_TLS_TPREL_HI16
R_MICROMIPS_TLS_TPREL_LO16
R_MICROMIPS_GPREL7_S2
R_MICROMIPS_PC23_S2
R_MICROMIPS_PC21_S1
R_MICROMIPS_PC26_S1
R_MICROMIPS_PC18_S3
R_MICROMIPS_PC19_S2
R_MIPS_NUM
R_MIPS_PC32
R_MIPS_EH
R_MICROMIPS_GOT_LO16
R_MICROMIPS_SUB
R_MICROMIPS_HIGHER
R_MICROMIPS_HIGHEST
R_MICROMIPS_CALL_HI16
R_MICROMIPS_CALL_LO16
R_MICROMIPS_SCN_DISP
R_MICROMIPS_JALR
R_MICROMIPS_HI0_LO16
```

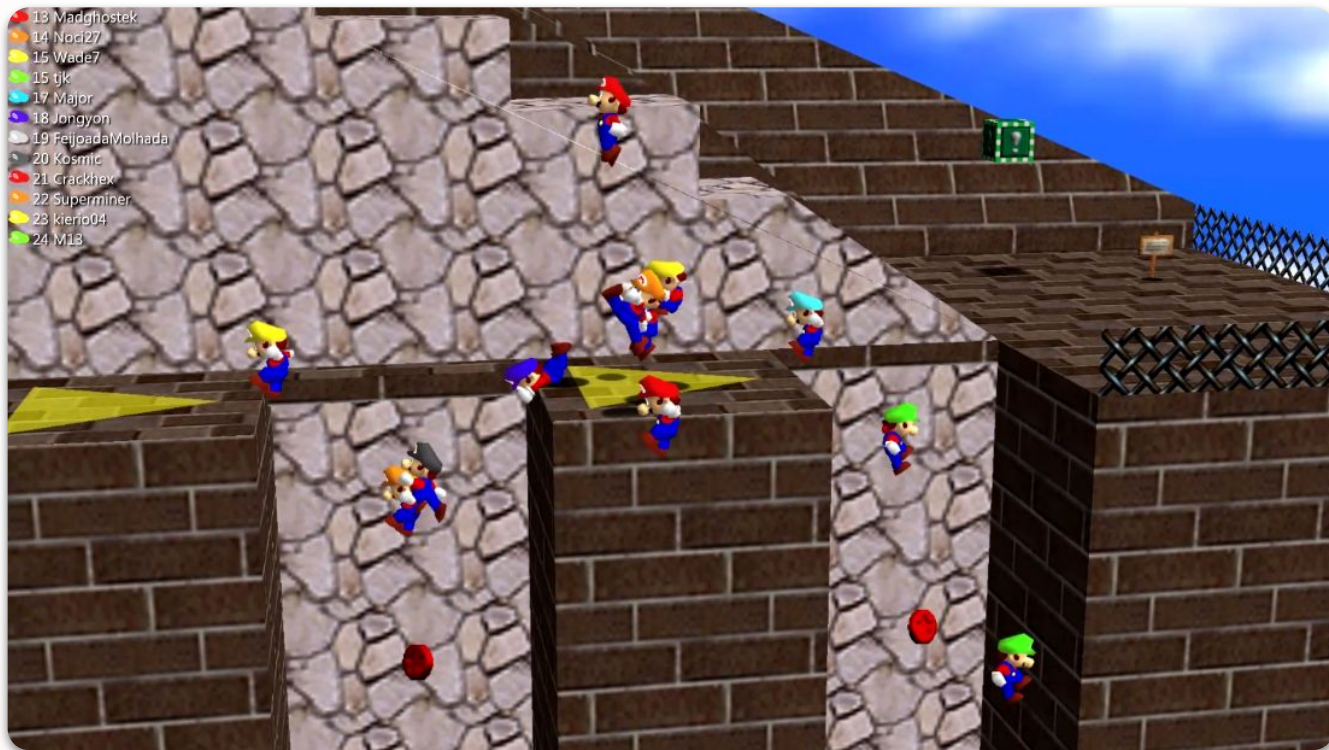
R_MIPS_26

R_MIPS_32

R_MIPS_HI16

R_MIPS_LO16

Result



Result

- Very restricted feature set
- Still, benefits of using D over C:

syntax, reusable code, `import("data.bin")`

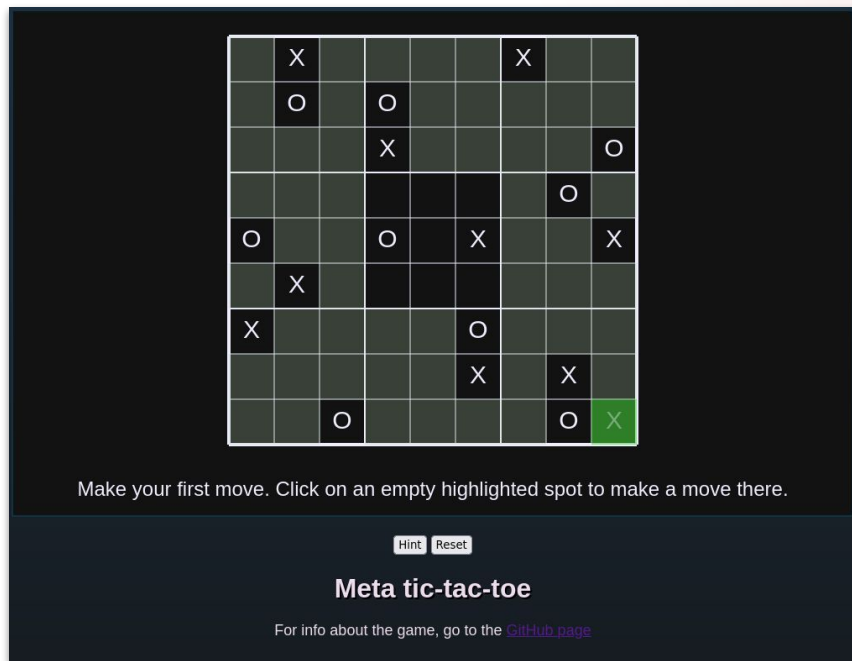
```
LLVM ERROR: Not supported instr:  
<MCInst 0 <MCOperand Reg:30> <MCOperand Reg:25>>
```

D code

in the browser

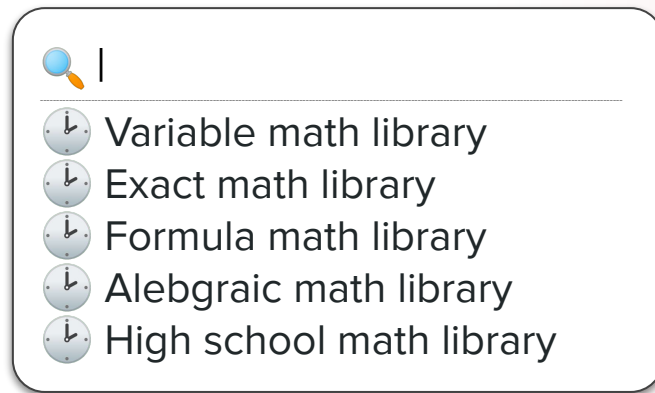
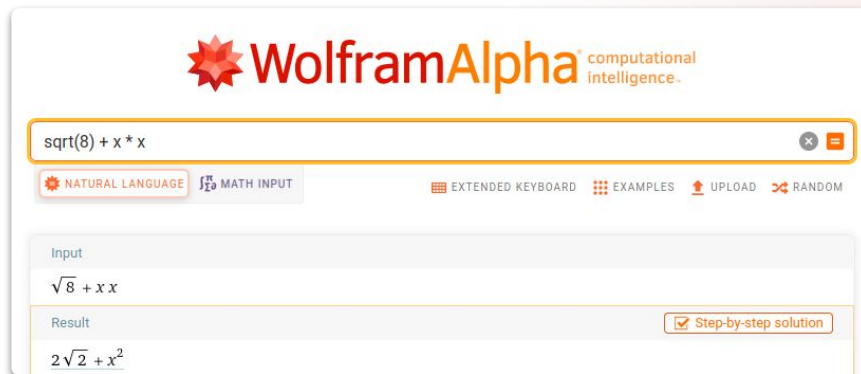
D in the browser

- JavaScript
- Java Applet, Flash player
- Summer 2018: LDC adds WebAssembly
- `betterC` / Bare metal
- Ultimate tic-tac-toe game



Exact math calculator

- Simplify formulas with variables
- Mathematica not open source
- Write my own





About

SymPy is a Python library for symbolic mathematics. It aims to become a full-featured computer algebra system (CAS) while keeping the code as simple as possible in order to be comprehensible and easily extensible. SymPy is written entirely in Python.

[Get started with the tutorial](#)[Download Now](#)

Why SymPy

SymPy is...

- **Free:** Licensed under BSD, SymPy is free both as in speech and as in beer.
- **Python-based:** SymPy is written entirely in Python and uses Python for its language.
- **Lightweight:** SymPy only depends on [mpmath](#), a pure Python library for arbitrary floating point arithmetic, making it easy to use.
- **A library:** Beyond use as an interactive tool, SymPy can be embedded in other applications and extended with custom functions.

Generic number types

- D has operator overloading
- Drop-in replacement for `float`

```
T[2][2] matrixInverse2x2(T)(T[2][2] c)
{
    const T det = c[0][0] * c[1][1] - c[0][1] * c[1][0];
    const T invDet = 1 / det;
    T[2][2] res;
    res[0][0] = c[1][1] * invDet;
    res[0][1] = -c[0][1] * invDet;
    res[1][0] = -c[1][0] * invDet;
    res[1][1] = c[0][0] * invDet;
    return res;
}
```

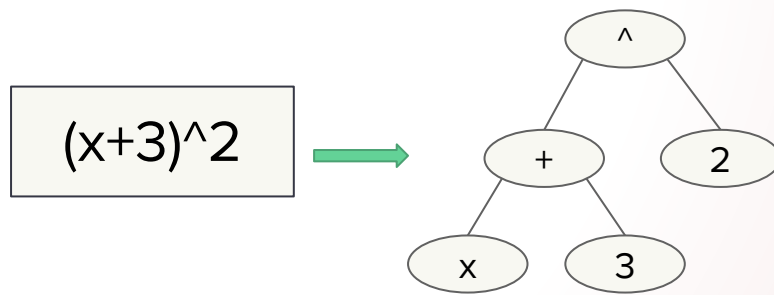
D

Generic number types

- D has operator overloading
- Drop-in replacement for `float`
- Value type + tree data structure

```
void main()  
{  
    float x = 3;  
    float y = x;  
    y++;  
    assert(x == 3);  
}
```

D



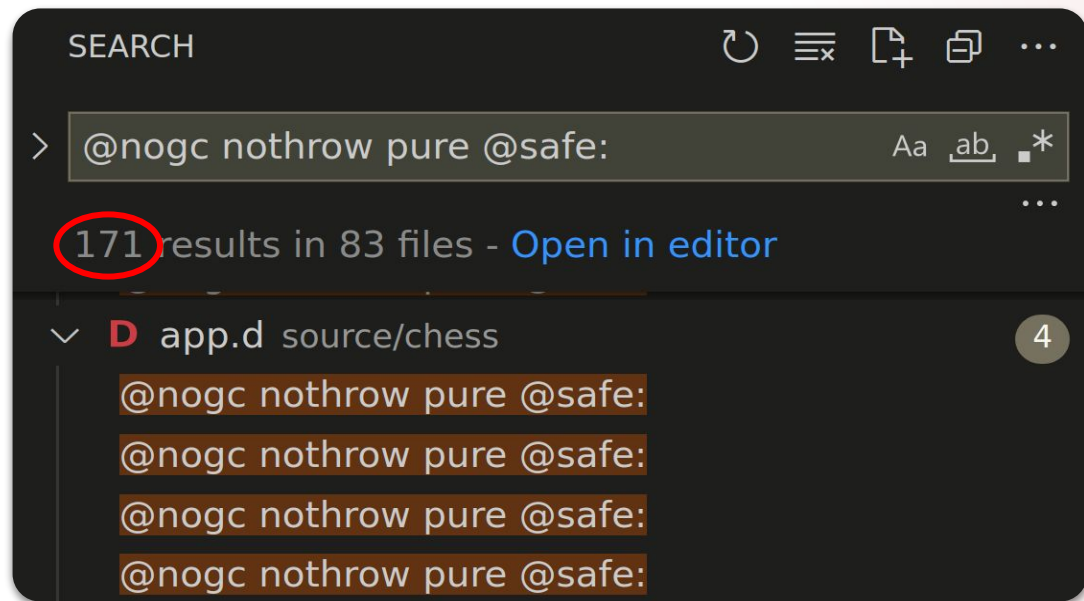
Generic number types

- D has operator overloading
- Drop-in replacement for `float`
- Value type + tree data structure
- Inspired by `BigInt` and "Invariant strings"

```
D  
struct MathNum  
{  
    int tag;  
    immutable(MathNum)[] args;  
}
```

WebAssembly

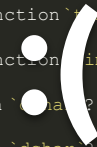
- I use function attributes a lot



WebAssembly

- I use function attributes a lot
- But this one uses GC
- Remove `-betterC` flag?
- druntime not ready

```
core/stdc/time.d#2: Error: undefined identifier `time_t`, did you mean function `time`?  
core/stdc/time.d#4: Error: undefined identifier `tm`  
core/stdc/time.d#4: Error: undefined identifier `time_t`, did you mean function `time`?  
core/stdc/time.d#6: Error: undefined identifier `tm`  
core/stdc/time.d#6: Error: undefined identifier `time_t`, did you mean function `time`?  
core/stdc/time.d#8: Error: undefined identifier `tm`  
core/stdc/wchar.d#28: Error: undefined identifier `wchar_t`, did you mean `char`?  
core/stdc/wchar.d#31: Error: undefined identifier `FILE`  
core/stdc/wchar.d#31: Error: undefined identifier `wchar_t`, did you mean `dchar`?  
core/stdc/wchar.d#33: Error: undefined identifier `FILE`  
core/stdc/wchar.d#33: Error: undefined identifier `wchar_t`, did you mean `dchar`?
```



WebAssembly

- Solution: custom runtime
- GitHub: adamdruppe/webassembly
- Pass custom object.d to compiler

```
module object;

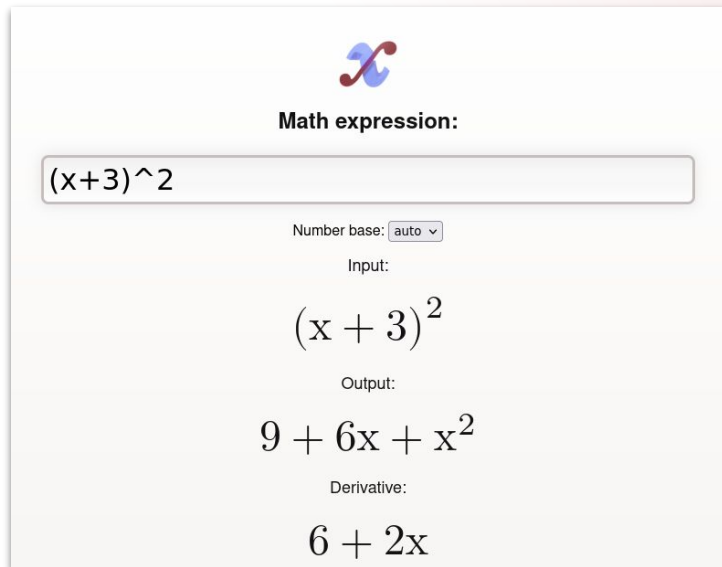
alias string = immutable(char)[];
alias size_t = typeof(int).sizeof;
alias noreturn = typeof(*null);

extern(C) void _d_assert(string file, int line)
{
}
```

```
ldc2 -i -mtriple=wasm32-unknown-unknown-wasm -L-allow-undefined \
wasm/object.d app.d \
-of=app.wasm
```

Result

- Almost a programming language
- Leaks memory
- Limited implicit conversions



The screenshot shows a web-based math expression calculator. At the top is a logo consisting of two crossed arrows, one blue and one red. Below the logo is the text "Math expression:". A text input field contains the expression $(x+3)^2$. Below the input field is a "Number base:" label followed by a dropdown menu set to "auto". Underneath is the label "Input:" followed by the expression $(x + 3)^2$. Below that is the label "Output:" followed by the expanded expression $9 + 6x + x^2$. At the bottom is the label "Derivative:" followed by the derivative expression $6 + 2x$.

```
float[] array = [10, 20];  
MathNum[] arrayB = [MathNum(10), MathNum(20)];
```

D

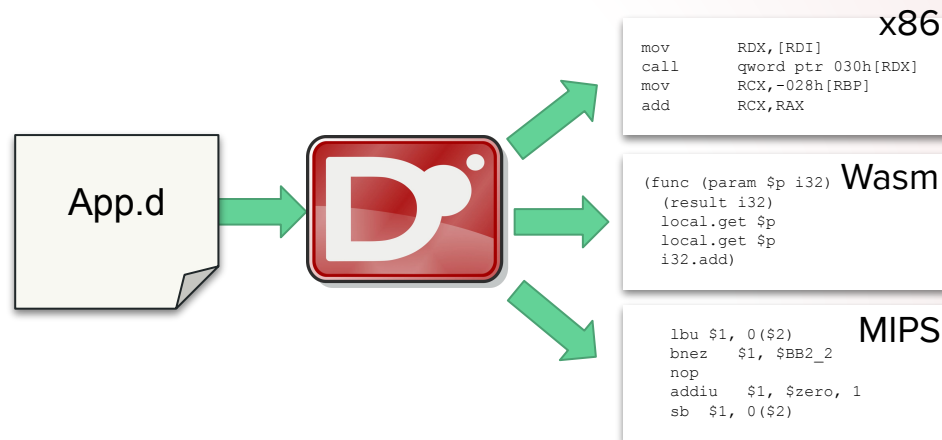
D code

on the graphics card

(I didn't run D code on the graphics card)

Graphics cards

- GPUs have no defined ISA
- APIs: DirectX, OpenGL, Vulkan



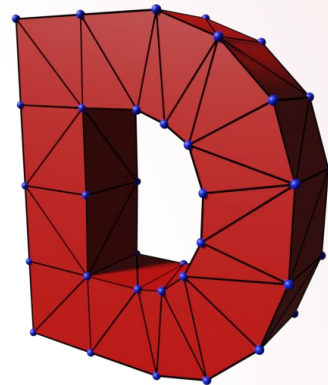
SPIR-V

Using OpenGL

- Inform GPU about struct layout

```
struct Vertex
{
    float[3] position;
    ubyte[4] color;
}
```

D



GLSL

```
#version 330
layout(location = 0) in vec3 position;
layout(location = 1) in vec4 color;

out vec3 fragColor;

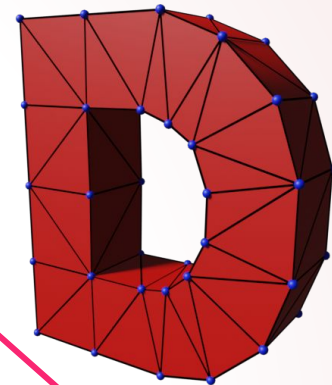
uniform mat4 matrix;

void main() {
    gl_Position = matrix * vec4(position, 1.0);
    fragColor = color;
}
```

Using OpenGL

- Inform GPU about struct layout
- Very brittle

```
struct Vertex
{
    float[3] position;
    ubyte[4] color;
}
```



```
void setupVao()
{
    GLuint vao;
    glGenVertexArrays(1, &vao);
    glBindVertexArray(vao);

    glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
    glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 16, 0);
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(1);
    glVertexAttribPointer(1, 4, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, GL_TRUE, 16, 12);
}
```

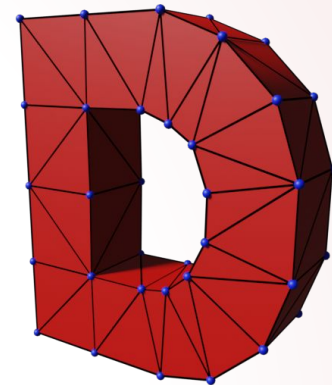



Oops!
Dennis Korpel

Metaprogramming

- Avoid magic numbers

```
struct Vertex
{
    float[3] position;
    ubyte[4] color;
}
```

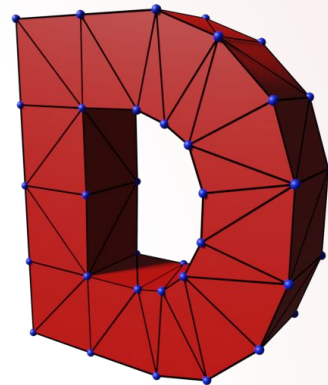


```
glVertexAttribPointer (
    /*location*/ 0,
    /*components*/ Vertex.position.length,
    /*base type*/ GL_FLOAT,
    /*normalized*/ GL_FALSE,
    /*stride*/ Vertex.sizeof,
    cast(void*) Vertex.position.offsetof
);
```

Metaprogramming

- Avoid magic numbers
- Generate the right calls

```
struct Vertex
{
    float[3] position;
    ubyte[4] color;
}
```



```
import std.meta, std.traits;
void defineVaoAttributes(V) ()
{
    static foreach(i; 0 .. V.tupleof.length)
    {{
        alias Arr = typeof(V.tupleof[i]);
        alias Elem = typeof(Arr.init[0]);
        glVertexAttribPointer(i, Arr.length, toGl!Elem, isIntegral!Elem,
                               V.sizeof, cast(void*) V.tupleof[i].offsetof);
    }}
}
enum toGl(T) = [GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, GL_FLOAT][staticIndexOf!(T, ubyte, float)];
```

Result

- Expand to support all types
- Automatically generate GLSL code

```
void setupVao()
{
    GLuint vao;
    glGenVertexArrays(1, &vao);
    glBindVertexArray(vao);

    defineVaoAttributes!Vertex();
}
```

```
#version 330
layout(location = 0) in vec3 position;
layout(location = 1) in vec4 color;

out vec3 fragColor;

uniform mat4 matrix;

void main() {
    gl_Position = matrix * vec4(position, 1.0);
    fragColor = color;
}
```

Result

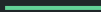
- Expand to support all types
- Automatically generate GLSL code
- Still some friction

```
struct Buffer {  
    bool b; /// 1 byte  
    float[3][] array;  
}
```

```
buffer Buffer {  
    bool b; /// 4 bytes  
    float[][3] array;  
};
```


Wrapping up

- ❤️ to other programming languages
- Just one guy's perspective
- D is complex
- Reusable, robust, flexible code that runs everywhere





The Jack of all trades

Dennis Korpel - DConf 2022

